

*Expand Capacities
Making Sense
Finding Ways
Fitting Solutions*

POP – 1st Step

FITSIMM offers numerical and reservoir solutions to issues raised by fractured reservoirs (conventional and non-conventional).

A “proof of pertinence” study aims to compare a-priori ideas about the configuration of the fracturing process, the field characterization results and the production/injection scheme, to more complex fracture geometries within the same reservoir setting.

Bench-marking the modeling complexity issues is the first step toward controlling stimulation, therefore field development. The POP study (stage scale) leads to the well - PAD and then field scale



GOALS of a POP STUDY (one stage scale)

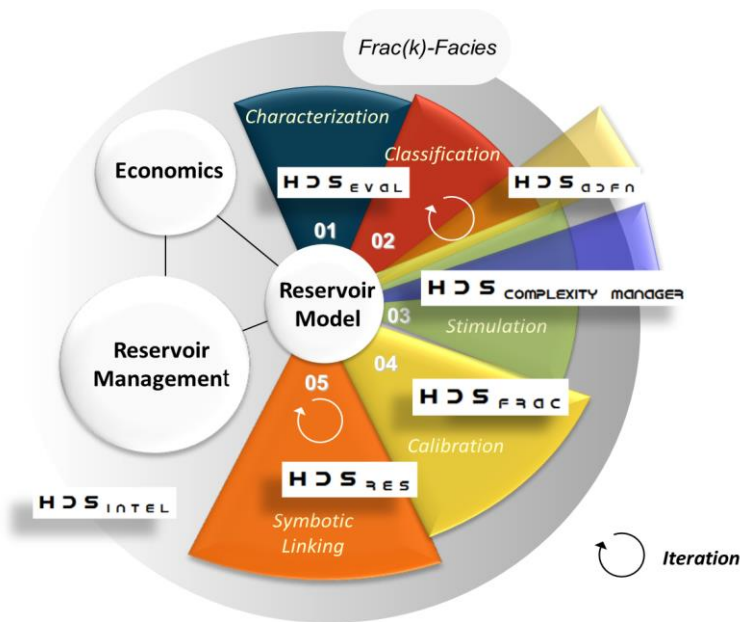
Evaluate (diagnosis) and augment your own workflow working with your specific data

✉ dan.bc@fitsimm.com
matthieu.delorme@fitsimm.com

☎ Matthieu Delorme
+33 6 29131951
Dan Bossie-Codreanu
+33 6 67016660

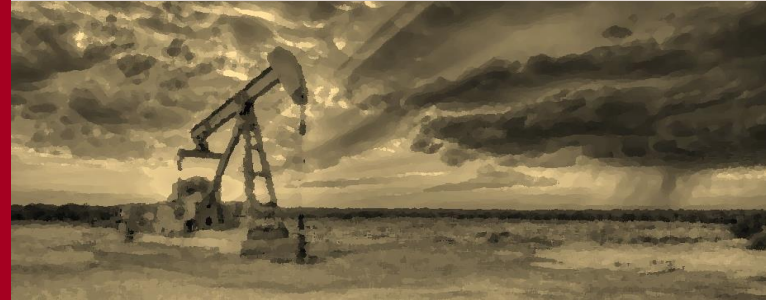
📍 10, Rue Beaumarchais
92500 Rueil-Malmaison
France

- ✓ Understand potential mechanisms creating fracture complexity
- ✓ Confront modeling options and assess equivalent history match results by different models
- ✓ Unveil main drivers due to the possibility to study various fracture geometries
- ✓ Quantify uncertainty limits
- ✓ Relate stimulation design parameters to complex fracture geometries
- ✓ Understand where proppant might be found in relation to a potential complex geometry and therefore being able to predict long term effects
- ✓ Understand the “back-bone” - main fracture path development - and therefore improve re-fracturing design
- ✓ Assess better exchange areas (matrix - fracture) for EOR purposes
- ✓ When changing scale (well & PAD) understand “parent-child” interactions - lowering costs
- ✓ Establish predictive methodology for field development design



"The observations from mine back data and hydraulically fractured vertical wells indicate that simple bi-wing fractures are not the norm in nature" - "Models themselves remain largely non-calibrated by direct observations of fracture density and far field spatial pressure response to drainage" - Fracture deflection, offset and branching at bedding surfaces and other naturally occurring heterogeneities appears to significantly influence fracture complexity"

Rateman et al. , URTEC 2670034



OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS

- ✓ **Input Data:**
 - Natural Fracture model (Geological Model) up to 100.000 per stage
 - Logs (including FMI/FMS & MEM if available)
 - Microseismic Record (if available)
 - Operational Stimulation Data
 - Prior simulation (B-Wing?) (if available) - can be used as a starting point to our augmented method.
- ✓ **Output:**
 - Multi parameter History Match (BHP and Microseismic Cloud, DAS/DTS, LOT/XLOT, Water Hammer) coming from different sources @ different scales
 - Total area created
 - Backbone (effective SRV)
 - Probabilistic proppant placement
 - Sensitivity (if desired)
- ✓ **Duration**
 - 1 to 1.5 months (depending on the initial data processing needed)

THE OFFER

We will be operational in March 2020

- ✓ **New Code available (in-house and pre-sale)**

Results based on prior prototype available

- ✓ We can organize conference calls presenting the methodology
- ✓ Some features of the software
- ✓ the data needs and results demonstrating the worth of the method

Cost

- ✓ Being a young start-up, we cannot afford making this offer free.
- ✓ We can provide this study at cost
- ✓ If you continue at the well stage you have a 20 - 30% discount of the well study
- ✓ You get:
 - The simulation results
 - An analysis report including recommendations
 - A discount on future studies at other scales (generalization)
 - A discount on joining future JIP we plan (in conjunction with US universities)

(For details contact us)